

Mireya G. Turner Community Development Director

Dated: May 27, 2021

Revised: February 15, 2024

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM INITIAL STUDY IS 20-23

1. **Project Title:** Green Lake Exotics/Nicholas Rosales

2. Permit Number: Major Use Permit, UP 20-20

Initial Study, IS 20-23

3. Lead Agency Name and Address: County of Lake

Community Development Department Courthouse – 255 North Forbes Street

Lakeport CA 95453

4. Contact Person: Mary Claybon, Assistant Planner II

(707) 263-2221

5. Project Location(s): 19658 East Road, Lower Lake, CA

APNs: 012-049-19

6. Project Sponsor's Name/Address: Nicholas Rosales

7807 Foppiano Way Windsor, CA 95492

7. General Plan Designation: Rural Lands (RL)

8. Zoning: Rural Lands (RL)

9. Supervisor District: District One (1)

10. Flood Zone: Zone D

11. Slope: Varied; cultivation sites are less than 10%

12. Fire Hazard Severity Zone: SRA –High Fire Risk

13. Earthquake Fault Zone: Not located within an Earthquake Fault Zone

14. Dam Failure Inundation Area: Not located within Dam Failure Inundation Area

15. Parcel Sizes: $22.6\pm$ acres

16. Environmental Setting and Existing Conditions

The proposed Green Lake Exotics cannabis project is located approximately 5.5 miles southeast of Lower Lake and 2.5 miles north of Hidden Valley Lake, (Section 32, Township 12N, Range 6W, on the Middletown USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle). The proposed project is located in the Lower Lake Planning Area.

The proposed project area is within the Asbill Creek watershed (HUC-180201620304). The surrounding land uses rural residential, rural land, and agriculture. The topography of the parcel is moderately sloped in the southwest and steeply sloped in the northeast, with grades between 5% and 20% in the southwest and 20% and 70% in the northeast with elevation ranging from approximately 1520 feet to 1,840, feet above sea level. There are no jurisdictional watercourses on site due to the location of the parcel at the top of a low ridge with well-drained rocky soils.

The property drains to the northeast off of the ridge into minor drainage that drains into Asbill Creek. Asbill Creek is a tributary to Soda Creek, approximately 2.7 miles to the east. Soda Creek flows south for approximately 5.5 miles before entering Putah Creek. The proposed project is located on a ridge and there is no Class I, II, or III drainages within the proposed project area (*Figure 1*). The climate of the site is characterized by a Mediterranean-type climate, with distinct seasons of hot, dry summers and wet, moderately cold winters.

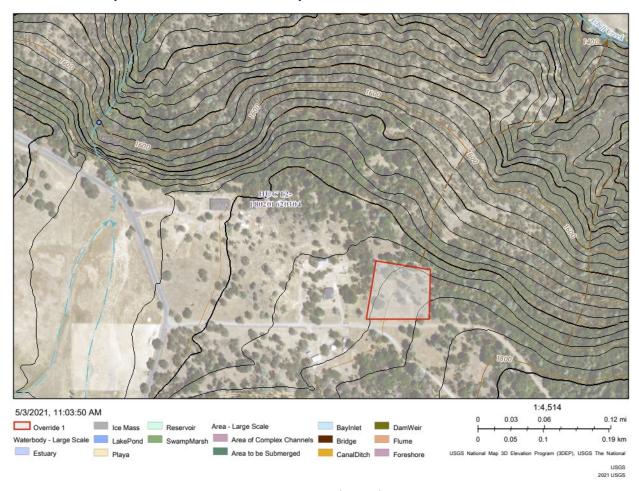


Figure 1. USGS Topography and Drainages

The subject site and surrounding area contain rural residential, open space, ranches, grazing land, vineyards, and cannabis cultivation farm operations. The vegetation generally consists of mixed woodland, manzanita, chaparral, and grassland.

The site is accessed 0.2 miles down East Road, a gravel road off of Spruce Grove Road; a county-maintained road. Early activation (EA 20-23) of the proposed use permit, UP 20-20, was granted May 27, 2020, to allow for commercial outdoor cultivation of one cultivation area containing up to 43,560 square feet (sf) of canopy area. The early activation area can be seen in Figure 2. The early activation project included obtaining State licensing, and harvesting a crop in the early fall of 2020, and preparing the area for winter. Per the project applicant, Winterization included planting the site with nitrogen-fixing grass seed and surrounding the cultivation area with straw wattles to prevent sediment from leaving the site. The project parcel includes an existing gravel driveway and a well with a pump.



Figure 2. Google Earth Imagery August 2020

17. Description of Project: (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation. Attach additional sheets if necessary).

Project History. The following provides an overview of the project's history and changes in its scope:

- The project parcel was previously issued Early Activation for Commercial Cannabis Cultivation in 2020 and 2021 (EA 20-23 and EA 21-26) to allow for commercial outdoor cultivation of one cultivation area containing up to 43,560 sq. ft. of canopy area. The Early Activation project included obtaining State licensing, harvesting in the early fall of 2020 and 2021, and preparing the area for winter. Per the project applicant, winterization included planting the site with nitrogen-fixing grass seed and surrounding the cultivation area with straw wattles to prevent sediment from leaving the site. The early activation area can be seen in Figure 2.
- This Initial Study was prepared and circulated by the County of Lake and circulated for public review in compliance with CEQA from 05/27/2021 to 06/26/2021. As a part of the use permit submittal and Intiial Study analysis, biological, cultural and hydrogeological studies were prepared (2020-2021).
- The applicant submitted a scope change for this project in 2022, expanding the processing facility from 1,500 sq. ft. to 3,000 sq.sf. and incorporating mixed-light

<u>cultivation</u>. An additional Initial Study was prepared and circulated in 2022 in response to proposed project scope changes from the applicant.

• In late 2023, the project scope was resubmitted to the current proposal, including outdoor cultivation to reflect Department of Cannabis Control's changes in regulations for outdoor cultivation to have the option to utilize light-deprivation techniques with no artificial light incorporated. The proposed project also includes the 3,000 sq.ft. processing facility. The proposed project would occur within the same footprint as the Early Activation cultivation area.

This (2021) Initial study is revised as appropriate to reflect the current proposed project. These revisions include minor changes (mainly the size of the processin gfacility) since the time of its publication. The proposed outdoor cultivation and 3,000 sf processing facility are proposed within the predisturbed Early Activation area and were included in the 2021 technical studies prepared for the project. These changes do not trigger recirculation of the initial Study because they are minor in nature and do not result in new impacts that were not previously analyzed (in accordance with CEQA Guidelines 15073.5).

Proposed Project. Green Lake Exotics is seeking discretionary approval from Lake County for a Major Use Permit, UP 20-20, for commercial cannabis cultivation at 19658 East Road, Lower Lake (APN 012-049-19), as follows:

One (1) Type 3: "Outdoor" licenses: Outdoor cultivation for adult-use cannabis without the use of light deprivation and/or artificial lighting in the canopy area at any point in time. The applicant proposes one (1) acre (43,560 sq. ft.) of commercial cannabis canopy area within approximately 100,000 sq. ft. of cultivation area.

One (1) A-Type 13 Self Distribution license

The proposed cultivation would occur within the same footprint as the Early Activation cultivation area. Cultivation would occur in full sun in amended soil. Auto-flowering cultivars of cannabis would be grown, which have a transplant-to-harvest cycle of approximately 10 weeks. Three crops will be harvested per year.

The proposed project would also include the construction of a 1,500 sq. ft. 3,000 sq. ft. metal building to be used for drying, processing, and storage of products. No cultivation would occur in this building. Minor grading and vegetation removal would be required to construct this building. No greenhouses are proposed as part of the cultivation operations.

Electricity for the processing building would be provided by on-grid power through PG&E. An existing well would serve the cultivation operation. A 10'x20' storage container would be used for storage. Employees would use the existing gravel driveway for parking and staging. Employees would have access to a portable, chemical toilet located adjacent to the cultivation areas. (Figure 3)

The irrigation system for the cultivation operation would use water supplied by an existing well and a pump located near the driveway. The water would be pumped to a 5,000-gallon storage tank. Irrigation would be provided via black poly tubing and drip tape (drip irrigation).

A mixing tank may be used to add liquid fertilizers and other amendments to the irrigation water. A soil stockpile and compost pile would be established adjacent to the cultivation area.

According to the Property Management Plan, fertilizers, pesticides, and petroleum products would be stored, within the proposed storage container, with compatible chemicals, and outside of riparian setbacks. All waste would be kept in a secured area and regularly hauled off-site to be disposed of properly at an appropriate waste disposal facility. Any plant waste would be chipped/mulched and spread around the cultivation area.

Water for cultivation activities would be supplied from one existing permitted groundwater well (DWR Well Completion Report 0332222). The well is approximately 158 feet in depth and was drilled in 2016. A new well yield test was conducted by Hurvitz Environmental Services Inc. (HES) in January 2020; the well has an estimated yield of 19.4 gallons per minute (GPM).

Water would be pumped from the well to 5,000-gallon water tanks and then delivered to the plants utilizing drip irrigation techniques. According to the Water Use / Water Availability Study prepared for the project by Hurvitz Environmental Services Inc. (HES) in January 2020, The estimated demand for the entire site including the proposed project, residential use, and employee use, is approximately 365,375 gallons/year (1.1 acre-feet/year). The water usage for the proposed cultivation would be approximately 338,000 gallons/year (1.0 acre-feet/year). The peak daily demand would be approximately 2,100 gallons.

According to the Site Management Plan and Water Use / Water Availability Study, the proposed project would require 1 to 5 employees, dependent on weather and harvesting. Operations would occur up to seven (7) days per week with cultivation operations occurring approximately from March to November every year. Hours of operation for the proposed activities would typically be between 9 am and 5 pm Monday through Friday and 12 pm to 5 pm Saturday and Sunday. The Lake County Zoning Ordinance restricts deliveries and pickups to 9 am - 7 pm Monday through Saturday and Sunday from 12 pm to 5 pm. Deliveries are anticipated to occur approximately once per day by way of pickup trucks.

The cultivation operation is accessed by a private driveway road, which spans approximately 100 feet off of East Road. A 6-foot high wooden fence would surround the cultivation area, providing screening and security. Access to the cultivation area would be through one 20-foot wide vehicle gate and one 6-foot wide pedestrian gate; both would be secured with latches and padlocks. According to the Property Management Plan, the following erosion control measures shall be followed:

- Preserve existing vegetation where required and when feasible;
- Apply temporary erosion control to exposed areas. Reapply as necessary to maintain effectiveness;
- Implement temporary erosion control measures at regular intervals throughout the defined rainy season to achieve and maintain stability. Implement erosion control prior to the defined rainy season;
- Control erosion in concentrated flow paths by applying erosion control devices; and
- Divert run-on and stormwater generated from within the facility away from all erodible materials.

The subject parcel has been enrolled with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for Tier 2, Low-Risk coverage under Order No. WQ 2019-001-DWQ (General Order). The site was assigned WDID No. 5S17CC412602. The General Order requires the preparation of a Site Management Plan (SMP) and a Nitrogen Management Plan (NMP). The purpose of the SMP is to

identify the Best Practicable Treatment or Control (BPTC) measures that the site intends to follow for erosion control purposes and to prevent stormwater pollution. The purpose of the NMP is to identify how nitrogen is stored, used, and applied to crops in a way that is protective of water quality. The SMP and NMP are required before commencing cultivation activities and were submitted with the application materials.

A Biological Assessment was conducted by Pinecrest Environmental Consulting, dated January 27, 2020, and Cultural Resources Assessment for the proposed project was conducted by Natural Investigations Company, dated March 2020.

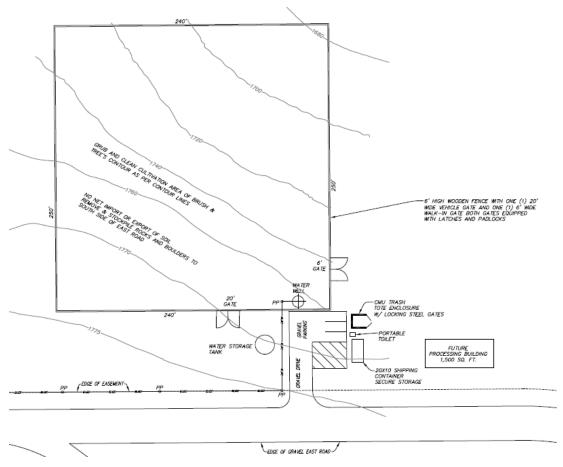


Figure 3. Proposed Site Plan

18. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

North: Rural Lands (RL), Rural Residential (RR), and Agriculture (A) zoned properties

South: Rural Lands (RL), Rural Residential (RR), and Agriculture (A) zoned properties

East: Rural Lands (RL) zoned properties

West: Rural Lands (RL), Rural Residential (RR), and Agriculture (A) zoned properties



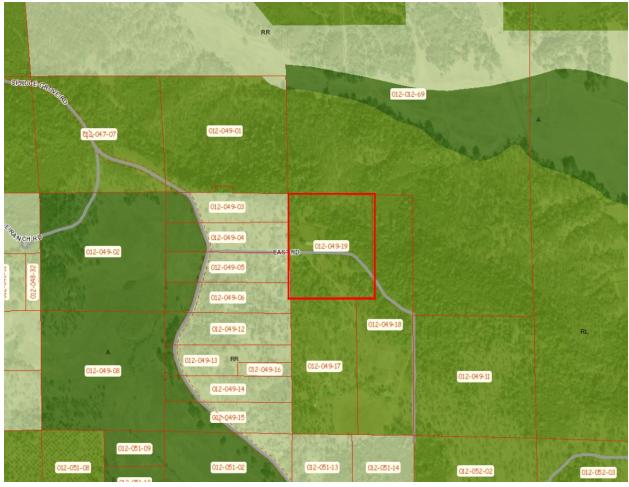


Figure 4. Zoning of Project Parcel and Surrounding Properties

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Figure 5. Aerial Photo of Project Parcel and Surrounding Properties

Other public agencies whose approval may be required (e.g., Permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.)

Lake County Department of Environmental Health

Lake County Air Quality Management District

Lake County Department of Public Works

Lake County Department of Public Services

Lake County Agricultural Commissioner

Lake County Sheriff Department

Lake County Fire Protection District

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board

CalCannabis (via Dept. of Food and Agriculture)

California Water Resources Control Board

California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection (Calfire)

California Department of Fish & Wildlife (CDFW)

California Department of Food and Agriculture

California Department of Pesticides Regulations

California Department of Public Health

California Bureau of Cannabis Control

California Department of Consumer Affairs

19. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of the significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.? Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21080.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3 (c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

Notification of the project was sent to local tribes on February 21, 2020. The Middletown Rancheria Tribal Historic Preservation Office responded with an email dated March 24, 2020, and concluded that "although [the project] is within the aboriginal territories of the Middletown Rancheria, our Department has cleared the project and is comfortable with the project moving forward, under the mutual understanding that the Tribe is contacted should there be any significant inadvertent discoveries. Should any new information or evidence of human habitation be found as this project progresses, or an expansion of ground-disturbing activities, we respectfully ask that all work cease and that you contact the Tribe immediately. We do have a process to protect such important and sacred resources."

20. Attachments:

- Attachment A- Property Management Plan
- Attachment B- Proposed Site Plans
- Attachment C- Water Use-Water Availability Study
- Attachment D-Biological Report
- Attachment E-Mitigation and Monitoring Reporting Program
- Attachment F- Site Visit Photos

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

\boxtimes	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Population / Housing
	Agriculture & Forestry		Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Public Services
\boxtimes	Air Quality		Hydrology / Water Quality	Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use / Planning	Transportation
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	Tribal Cultural Resources
\boxtimes	Geology / Soils	\boxtimes	Noise	Utilities / Service Systems
\boxtimes	Wildfire		Energy	Mandatory Findings of Significance

	RMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) basis of this initial evaluation:	
	I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.	the environment, and a
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION	been made by or agreed
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.	e environment, and an
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effe analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze on to be addressed.	ct 1) has been adequately 2) has been addressed by attached sheets. An
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an ear DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards and (b) have been avoid to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.	rlier EIR or NEGATIVE ed or mitigated pursuant
Initial	Study Prepared By: Mary Claybon, Assistant Planner II	
Ma	ary Claybon	Date: February 15, 2024
SIGNA	ATURE	· ·

Mireya G. Turner- Community Development Director Community Development Department

SECTION 1 - EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.

- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, and then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA processes, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures, which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document, and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than the significance
- **KEY:** 1 = Potentially Significant Impact
 - 2 = Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation
 - 3 = Less Than Significant Impact
 - 4 = No Impact

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
	•		•		I. AESTHETICS	•
					Would the project:	
		1				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			X		The project site is accessed by a private driveway on East Road which is accessed from Spruce Grove Road Road. There are no scenic vistas on or adjacent to the subject site. The site is located on land in a rural area that is surrounded by densely vegetated hillsides of chamise brush which would act as a natural screen. Due to the rural nature of the site, and because it is visually protected by the natural topography and surrounding vegetation, the cultivation activities would not be visible from public roads. The proposed activities are agricultural and are consistent with the past use of the property as well as the surrounding existing uses. In addition, the site is not located on or visible from a scenic highway.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9
					Less than significant impact.	
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				X	See response I(a). The site is not located along a state scenic highway. State Highway 29, located over 4 miles southwest of the proposed project, is eligible to be designated. The project is not visible from State a Highway; therefore, no impact would occur.	2, 3, 4, 9
					No impact.	
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?			X		The site is located in a rural, unincorporated area of Lake County southeast of Lower Lake and is situated in a manner that makes it difficult or impossible to be seen from Spruce Grove Road. There is dense underbrush between the road and the cultivation areas, and the terrain further conceals the cultivation areas from the road. The project is consistent with the property zoning and general plan land use designations in the area. Less than significant impact.	1, 2, 3, 4, 6,
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?		X			The project has some potential to create additional light and/or glare through exterior security lighting. The proposed use is an outdoor cultivation operation. The following mitigation measures have been implemented that would reduce the impacts to less than significant: AES-1: An Outdoor Lighting Plan that meets the darkskies.org lighting recommendations shall be submitted for review and acceptance, or review and revision prior to cultivation. Less than significant impact with mitigation measure AES-	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9
					1 incorporated.	

II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES

In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment Project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board.

Would the project:

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				X	The property does not contain Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance. Per the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, the proposed project is located on land classified as "Other Land". Additionally, site soils are comprised of Konocti-Hambright complex, 5 to 15 percent slopes (Map Unit Symbol 152), are considered "Not Prime Farmland". Therefore, this proposed project would not convert farmland that is high-quality farmland to non-agricultural use. Tarmland Mapping and Monitoring Program	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 39
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract? c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest			X	X	The site is not under a Williamson Act contract. The cultivation site is not located within a Lake County Farmland Protection Zone and is not within 1-mile of the Farmland Protection Zone. The cultivation portion of the site would not interfere with the ability of the owner or neighbors to use the non-cannabis land for more traditional crop production. The site is zoned Rural Land (RL), which is a designated zone for agriculture, including cannabis cultivation. Less than significant impact. The property is zoned Rural Land (RL) and does not contain forest land. Therefore, the proposed project would not conflict	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13
land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				X	with existing zoning and/or cause the rezoning of forest land as defined by Public Resource Code section 4526, or of timberland as defined by Government Code section 51104(g). No impact. Please see the response to Section II (c). The project would not result in the loss or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. No impact	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in the conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land				X	As proposed, this project would not induce changes to existing farmland that would result in its conversion to non-agricultural use.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13
to non-forest use?					No impact.	
	1		ı		III. AIR QUALITY	<u>I</u>
Where available, the significance	e crite	ria es	stabli	ished	by the applicable air quality management or air pollution contro	l district may
		be r	elied	ироп	n to make the following determinations. Would the project:	
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?		X			The project site is located within the Lake County Air Basin, which is under the jurisdiction of the Lake County Air Quality Management District (LCAQMD). The LCAQMD applies air pollution regulations to all major stationary pollution sources and monitors air quality. The Lake County Air Basin is in attainment with both state and federal air quality standards. According to the USDA Soil Survey and the Ultramafic, ultrabasic, serpentine rock and soils map of Lake County, serpentine soils have not been found within the project area or project vicinity. Since the Lake County Air Basin is in attainment for all air pollutants, air quality plans are not required in Lake County. Although the Lake County Air Basin is not required to have an air quality plan, the proposed project has the potential to result in short- and long-term air quality impacts from the construction and operation of the proposed project. Construction impacts, which are limited to building the processing building and preparing soils for planting, would be temporary and would occur over about a 4 to 6 week period, to construct the 1,500 sq. ft. 3,000 sq. ft. metal building. Ongoing field management is considered an operational, not construction, activity. Operational impacts would include dust and fumes from site preparation of the cultivation area and vehicular traffic, including small delivery vehicles that would be contributors during and after site preparation/construction. Odors generated by the plants, particularly during harvest season, would be mitigated through passive means (separation distance), and other measures would reduce air quality impacts to less than significant. Dust during site preparation would be limited during periods of high winds (over 15 mph). All visibly dry, disturbed soil and road surfaces would be watered to minimize fugitive dust emissions. Dust and fumes may be released as a result of vehicular traffic, including small delivery vehicles. Minor grading is proposed. Additionally, the implementation of mitigation m	1, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36

				_		15 of 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					the potential for air emissions. Or provide proof that a permit is not needed.	
					AQ-2: All mobile diesel equipment used must comply with State registration requirements. Portable and stationary diesel-powered equipment must meet all Federal, State, and local requirements, including the requirements of the State Air Toxic Control Measures for CI engines. Additionally, all engines must notify LCAQMD prior to beginning construction activities and prior to engine Use.	
					AQ-3: The applicant shall maintain records of all hazardous or toxic materials used, including a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for all volatile organic compounds utilized, including cleaning materials. Said information shall be made available upon request and/or the ability to provide the Lake County Air Quality Management District such information in order to complete an updated Air Toxic emission Inventory.	
					AQ-4: All vegetation during site development shall be chipped and spread for ground cover and/or erosion control. The burning of vegetation, construction debris, including waste material is prohibited.	
					AQ-5: The applicant shall have the primary access and parking areas surfaced with chip seal, asphalt, or an equivalent all-weather surfacing to reduce fugitive dust generation. The use of white rock as a road base or surface material for travel routes and/or parking areas is prohibited.	
					AQ-6: All areas subject to infrequent use of driveways, overflow parking, etc., shall be surfaced with gravel. The applicant shall regularly use and/or maintain the graveled area to reduce fugitive dust generations.	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures AQ-1 through AQ-6 incorporated.	
b) Violate any air quality standard or result in a cumulatively considerable net increase in an existing or projected air quality violation?			X		The County of Lake is in the attainment of state and federal ambient air quality standards. Burning cannabis waste is prohibited within the commercial cannabis ordinance for Lake County, and the use of generators is only allowed during a power outage. On-site construction is likely to occur over a relatively short period (estimated 4 to 6 weeks) with minor grading. The potential particulate matter could be generated during construction activities and build-out of the site, however, in general, construction activities that last for less than one year, and use standard quantities and types of construction equipment, are not required to be quantified and are assumed to have a less than significant impact. It is unlikely that this use would generate enough particulates during and after construction to violate any air quality standards.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			X		Less than significant impact. Land uses that are considered sensitive receptors typically include residences, schools, parks, childcare centers, hospitals, convalescent homes, and retirement homes. There are no schools, parks, childcare centers, convalescent homes, or retirement homes located near the project. The nearest off-site residence appears to be located approximately 200 feet west of the cultivation site. Article 27 of the Lake County Zoning Ordinance requires that the minimum setback requirement for	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 21, 24, 31, 36

IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					commercial cannabis cultivation be 200 feet from off-site residences. Pesticide application would only be applied during the growing months and applied carefully to individual plants. Further, natural vegetation screens the cultivation area from the residence to the west, providing a natural barrier to pesticide drift. As such, sensitive receptors would not likely be exposed to substantial pollutant concentrations from pesticides. Additionally, no demolition or renovation is proposed that could expose sensitive receptors to asbestos and no serpentine soils are mapped onsite.	
					Less than significant impact.	
d) Result in substantial emissions (such as odors or dust) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?		X			See response III(c). Odors generated by the plants, particularly during harvest season, would be mitigated through passive means (separation distance), and other measures such as planting native flowering vegetation surrounding the cultivation area. Implementation of mitigation measures would reduce air quality impacts to less than significant. An air quality assessment is provided in the Property Management Plan. Model output and reports from CalEEMod are provided in the appendix of the air quality assessment. Default values were used unless otherwise indicated. Construction and operational emissions are summarized in the following tables. The results are expressed as a range of potential emissions. To magnify any air quality impacts, the model was run using the worst-case scenarios, and emissions estimates are reported here using the unmitigated emissions values. The main sources of construction emissions are exhaust from heavy equipment and tailpipe emissions from cars and trucks. In the operational phase, no direct emissions will occur. Electrical consumption will contribute incrementally, but not significantly, to greenhouse gas generation. Lake County has adopted the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) thresholds of significance as a basis for determining the significance of air quality and GHG impacts. Air emissions modeling performed for this project demonstrates that the project, in both the construction phase and the operational phase, would not generate significant quantities of ozone or particulate matter and does not exceed the project-level thresholds established by BAAQMD.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36
					Comparison of Daily Construction Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance	
					Criteria Pollutants Project Emissions BAAQMD Significance umitigated Threshold (pounds/day) (pounds/day)	
					ROG (VOC) 1 to 10 54 Less than significant NO₂ 10 to 20 54 Less than significant CO 10 to 30 548 Less than significant SO₂ < 1	
					Comparison of Daily Operational Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance	
					Criteria Pollutants Project Emissions BAAQMD Significance unmitigated Threshold (pounds/day) (pounds/day)	
					ROG (VOC) 1 to 10 54 Less than significant NOx 1 to 5 54 Less than significant	
					CO 1 to 10 548 Less than significant	
					SOx < 1 219 Less than significant PM ₁₀ (total) 1 to 5 82 Less than significant	
					PM ₁₀ (total) 1 to 5 82 Less than significant PM _{2.5} (total) 1 to 5 54 Less than significant	
					Greenhouse Gasses 1 to 20 No threshold Less than significant	
ĬI	l	1	Ì		(CO ₂ e) established	!

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					COPTES PORTICENCE. Comparison of Annual Operational Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance	
					Criteria Pollutante Project Emissions BAAQMD Similificance	
					(tons/year) (tons/year) ROG (VOC) 0 to 1 10 Less than significant	
					NOx 0 to 1 10 Less than significant CO 0 to 1 100 Less than significant	
					SOx 0 to 1 40 Less than significant PM ₁₀ 0 to 1 15 Less than significant	
					PM _{2.5} 0 to 1 10 Less than significant Greenhouse gasses (as CO ₂ or methane) 1 to 100 10,000 Less than significant	
					The proposed cultivation would generate minimal amounts of carbon dioxide from the operation of small gasoline engines (tillers, weed eaters, lawn mowers, etc.) and vehicular traffic associated with staff communicating and delivery/pickups. Additionally, Mitigation Measures AQ-1 and AQ-7 would reduce impacts of dust generation from on-site roads and parking areas. AQ-7: The processing building shall contain an air and odor filtration system. An Odor Control Plan identifying the method of filtration shall be provided to the Lake County Planning Department for review prior to construction of the processing building. Less than significant impact with mitigation measures AQ-1 and AQ-7.	
			IV	7.]	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:	
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		X			A Biological Site Assessment (BA) was prepared by Pinecrest Environmental Consulting on January 27, 2020, prior to the area being Early Activated and cultivated in May 2020. Wildlife and botanical survey was conducted at the site on January 24, 2020. The purpose of the BA was to evaluate the existence of special-status species and/or habitats, as well as assess the potential for special-status species to occur on or near the site of the commercial cultivation activities. Due to the temperature and seasonal conditions, animal activity was moderate at the time of the survey. The entire project site was surveyed and the location and identity of all plant and animal species encountered were recorded. If species were not flowering at the time of the survey and morphological characteristics indicated that the species may be special-status, notes were made for a follow-up visit. The cultivation area of the project is within an existing, fenced cultivation area developed under EA 20-23. The BA concluded that no special-status plant species were observed during the surveys performed at the site in January 2020. No impacts are predicted for any of the State or Federal special-status plant species in Appendix A based on lack of actual sightings, and lack of suitable habitat in the proposed cultivation activity areas. Activities are largely proposed to be limited to existing cleared areas and will observe all required setbacks from jurisdictional watercourses, of which we did not observe any onsite. There are no wetlands, vernal pools, serpentine outcrops, or other special habitat types that possess a high likelihood of containing special-status plant species in the proposed cultivation areas despite the presence of a volcanic basalt vernal pool to the south of the parcel with a high abundance of special-status plants. All of these plants are considered endemic to these unique soil types in the vernal pool,	2, 5, 11, 12, 13, 16, 24, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					and no vernal pool habitats exist in the proposed cultivation areas or anywhere else onsite. In the event that proposed activities are to occur outside of existing, cleared areas, floristic surveys should be conducted prior to disturbance to ensure no impacts to special-status plant species. This has been added as Mitigation Measure BIO-1.	
					No special-status animal species were observed during the surveys performed at the site in January 2020. No impacts are predicted for any State or Federal special-status animal species that have the potential to occur onsite due to the lack of actual observations and lack of suitable habitat near the proposed cultivation area. Although there is suitable estivation habitat onsite for Foothill yellow-legged frog (FYLF) and there is an occurrence is 1.1 miles away, the frog would have to traverse the steep chaparral slope in the northeast portion of the site to move from Asbill Creek to the parcel, and there would be many more suitable estivation sites along the way thus we conclude the likelihood of encountering FYLF on the grassy plateau is negligible. No Northern spotted owl (NSO) are also known from the site and the area does not have a closed canopy of conifers. If proposed activities are to occur outside of existing, cleared areas, surveys should be conducted prior to disturbance to ensure no impacts to special-status animal species. This has been added	
					as Mitigation Measure BIO-2. The project area contains suitable nesting habitat for various bird species because of the presence of grassland, trees, and poles. However, no nests or nesting activity was observed during the field survey.	
					Although the proposed project does not propose the removal of trees, some vegetation removal may be necessary for the construction of the processing building, it is recommended that trees and poles be inspected for the presence of sensitive bad species and active bird nests before tree felling or ground clearing. If active nests are present in the Project Area during the construction of the project, CDFW should be consulted to develop measures to avoid "take" active nests prior to the initiation of any construction activities. Avoidance measures may include the establishment of a buffer zone using construction fencing or the postponement of vegetation removal until after the nesting season, or until after a qualified biologist has determined the young have fledged and are independent of the nest site. This has been incorporated as Mitigation Measure BIO-3.	
					No impacts are predicted for sediment discharge to watercourses or wetlands due to the absence of such features onsite. There were no jurisdictional watercourses identified at the time of the survey, and no locations that appear to contain potential wetlands, thus the impacts of the proposed cultivation operation discharging sediment to waters of the State is negligible as long as all of the BMPs in Appendix D (of the BA) are followed at all times. These BMPs include the use of native vegetation instead of genetic seed mixes along with road cuts and anywhere soil stabilization is required in the future. This has been incorporated as Mitigation Measure BIO-4.	
					<u>BIO-1</u> : If the establishment of cultivation operations requires the disturbance of vegetation and trees outside of existing disturbed areas, a pre-construction botanical survey should be conducted to determine if any special-status plant	

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
	1	2	3	4		
					BIO-4: During construction and operation, the project should follow all BMPs outlined in Appendix D of the Biological Site Assessment for the project. Less than significant impact with mitigation measures BIO-	
	l			l	1 through BIO-4 incorporated.	

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IMPACT					All determinations need explanation.	Source
CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Number**
					correspondence.	
b) Have a substantial adverse			X		Refer to Section IV(a).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
effect on any riparian habitat or			71		recei to section i v (a).	11, 12, 13,
other sensitive natural community					The manual date not contain any invitational material	
					The parcel does not contain any jurisdictional waters,	16, 17, 29,
identified in local or regional					wetlands, or watercourses.	30, 31, 32,
plans, policies, and regulations or						33, 34
by the California Department of					Erosion control measures to control erosion and sedimentation	
Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and					during construction and operation have been identified in the	
Wildlife Service?					Property Management Plan and Mitigation Measure BIO-4.	
					Measures include straw wattles, vegetated swales, and buffer	
					strips.	
					Sw.ps.	
					The project is enrolled with the State Water Resources Control	
					Board (SWRCB) for Tier 2, Low-Risk coverage under Order	
					No. WQ 2019-001-DWQ (General Order). Tier 2 dischargers	
					reflect cultivation sites that disturb over one acre and are	
					located on flat slopes outside of riparian setbacks. The General	
					Order requires the preparation of a Site Management Plan	
					(SMP) and a Nitrogen Management Plan (NMP). The purpose	
					of the SMP is to identify the Best Practicable Treatment or	
					Control (BPTC) measures that the site intends to follow for	
					erosion control purposes and to prevent stormwater pollution.	
					The purpose of the NMP is to identify how nitrogen is stored,	
					used, and applied to crops in a way that is protective of water	
					quality. The SMP and NMP are required prior to commencing	
					cultivation activities and were submitted with the application	
					materials.	
					THAT THE STATE OF	
					In addition, the BA concludes the parcel is not inside any	
					federally designated critical habitat. The project area contains	
					no special-status habitats, but special-status habitats are	
					directly adjacent to some project areas. If the establishment of	
					cultivation operations requires the destruction of sensitive	
					habitats, Mitigation Measures BIO-1 through BIO-3 should be	
					implemented.	
					BIO-5: All work should incorporate erosion control	
					measures consistent with Lake County Grading Regulations	
					and the State Water Resources Control Board Order No.	
					WQ 2019-001-DWQ.	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures BIO-	
					1 through BIO-5 incorporated.	
c) Have a substantial adverse	1		X		Refer to Section IV(a) and (b).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
effect on state or federally					rector to section 1 * (u) and (o).	11, 12, 13,
protected wetlands (including, but					According to the BA, there are no wetlands and vernal pools, or	16, 17, 21,
not limited to, marsh, vernal pool,					other isolated wetlands in the study area.	24, 29, 30,
					other isolated wettands in the study area.	
coastal, etc.) through direct					Therefore under the description of the state	31, 32, 33,
removal, filling, hydrological					Therefore, project implementation would not directly impact	34
interruption, or other means?					any wetlands.	
					Less than significant impact.	

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with an established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?			X		Refer to Section IV(a). The BA did not identify any specific wildlife corridors that exist within or near the study area, but the large open spaces on the property allow for ample animal movement. Implementation of the proposed project would necessitate the erection of security fences around the cultivation compound. These fences do not allow animal movement and may act as a local barrier to wildlife movement. However, the fenced cultivation areas are surrounded by open space, allowing wildlife to move around these fenced areas. Implementation of the project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with an established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. Implementation of the project does not conflict with any county or municipal policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	13
					Less than significant impact.	
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?			X		Refer to Section IV(a-d). This project does not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. The project does not propose to remove trees or vegetation. There are no mapped sensitive species on the site. Implementation of the project does not conflict with any county or municipal policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13
					Less than significant impact.	
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or another approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				X	No special conservation plans have been adopted for this site and no impacts are anticipated. No impact.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13
			,	V.	CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:	
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5?		X			A Cultural Resources Assessment was conducted by Natural Investigations Company dated March 2020. A California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) records search was completed by the Northwest Information Center (NWIC) on March 9, 2020. The Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) also conducted a Sacred Lands	1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14c, 15
					File (SLF) search of the Project Area on February 24, 2020. Finally, Natural Investigations conducted a pedestrian survey of the proposed project area on February 28, 2020. Of the total parcel areas, 10.5-acres were surveyed intensively using transects spaced no greater than 15 meters apart. The surveyed area encompasses the proposed project area. The remaining area, outside of the proposed project area, was not surveyed because they will not be impacted as part of the proposed project. The surveyed portion of the Project Area includes the entire footprint of proposed project-related ground disturbance.	
					The CHRIS records search indicates that one prior cultural resource study has been completed which included portions of the Project Area and one additional study has been completed outside the Project Area but within the 0.25-mile record search radius. The CHRIS records search also indicates that no cultural resources have been previously recorded within the Project Area. One archaeological site has been informally recorded within the 0.25-mile search radius. The SLF search returned negative results for Native American resources in the vicinity of	

						22 01 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					the Project. No cultural resources of any kind were identified during the field survey.	
					It is possible, but unlikely, that significant artifacts or human remains could be discovered during project construction. If, however, significant artifacts or human remains of any type are encountered it is recommended that the project sponsor contact the culturally affiliated tribe and a qualified archaeologist to assess the situation. The Sheriff's Department must also be contacted if any human remains are encountered.	
					CUL-1: Should any archaeological, paleontological, or cultural materials be discovered during site development, all activity shall be halted in the vicinity of the find(s), the applicant shall notify the culturally affiliated Tribe, and a qualified archaeologist to evaluate the find(s) and recommend mitigation procedures, if necessary, subject to the approval of the Community Development Director. Should any human remains be encountered, the applicant shall notify the Sheriff's Department, the culturally affiliated Tribe, and a qualified archaeologist for proper internment and Tribal rituals per Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code 7050.5.	
					CUL-2: All employees shall be trained in recognizing potentially significant artifacts that may be discovered during a ground disturbance. If any artifacts or remains are found, the culturally affiliated Tribe shall immediately be notified; a licensed archaeologist shall be notified, and the Lake County Community Development Director shall be notified of such finds.	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.	
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource pursuant		X			Please see the response to Section V(a). Less than significant impact with mitigation measures	1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15
to §15064.5? c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?		X			CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated. Please see the response to Section V(a). The Cultural Study stated that it was unlikely that any significant findings, including human remains, appear likely on this site.	1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures CUL-2 incorporated.	
					VI. ENERGY Would the project:	
a) Result in a potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy, or wasteful use of energy resources, during project construction or operation?			X		Onsite power would be supplied by on-grid electric power through PG&E. PG&E power would be used to power all ancillary electric equipment which includes a processing building, storage container, well pump, security cameras, and security lights. Cannabis would be cultivated outdoors with no supplemental lighting.	5
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?			X		Less than significant impact. There are no mandatory energy reductions for cultivation activities within Article 27 of the Lake County Zoning Ordinance unless the applicant proposes 'indoor cultivation' (not proposed with this application).	1, 3, 4, 5
					Less than significant impact.	

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IMPACT					All determinations need explanation.	Source
CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Number**
					correspondence.	
		l	l	VII.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS	
				V 11.	Would the project:	
					rroutu the project.	
a) Directly or indirectly cause			X		Earthquake Faults	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
potential substantial adverse					Lake County contains numerous known active faults, however,	18, 19
effects, including the risk of loss,					there are no mapped earthquake faults on or adjacent to the	10, 17
injury, or death involving:					Ranch. Future seismic events in the Northern California region	
injury, or death involving.					can be expected to produce seismic ground shaking at the site.	
i) Rupture of a known					All proposed construction is required to be built consistent with	
earthquake fault, as delineated					current California Building Code construction standards.	
on the most recent Alquist-					current Camorina Building Code construction standards.	
Priolo Earthquake Fault					Seismic Ground Shaking and Seismic-Related Ground Failure,	
Zoning Map issued by the					including liquefaction.	
State Geologist for the area or					The mapping of the site's soil indicates that the soil is stable and	
based on other substantial					not prone to liquefaction.	
evidence of a known fault?					not profic to fiqueraction.	
Refer to Division of Mines					Landelidae	
and Geology Special					Landslides According to the Landslide Hazard Identification Map	
Publication 42.					prepared by the California Department of Conservation,	
i uoneation 42.						
ii) Strong gaigneis1					Division of Mines, and Geology, the area is considered generally stable.	
ii) Strong seismic ground					generally stable.	
shaking?						
:::)						
iii) Seismic-related ground						
failure, including						
liquefaction?						
iv) I amdalidas?					Logg than significant impact	
iv) Landslides?		37			Less than significant impact.	1 2 4 5 10
b) Result in substantial soil		X			Major grading is not proposed to prepare the site for cultivation.	1, 3, 4, 5, 19,
erosion or the loss of topsoil?					Construction of the 1,500 sq. ft. 3,000 sq. ft metal building	21, 24, 25, 30
					would require a grading and building permit from the Lake	30
					County Community Development Department prior to construction.	
					construction.	
					In addition the ansient is annulled with the State Water	
					In addition, the project is enrolled with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for Tier 2, Low-Risk	
					coverage under Order No. WQ 2019-001-DWQ (General	
					Order). The General Order requires the preparation of a Site	
					Management Plan (SMP) and a Nitrogen Management Plan	
					(NMP). The purpose of the SMP is to identify the Best	
					Practicable Treatment or Control (BPTC) measures that the	
					site intends to follow for erosion control purposes and to	
					prevent stormwater pollution. The purpose of the NMP is to	
					identify how nitrogen is stored, used, and applied to crops in a	
					way that is protective of water quality. The SMP and NMP are	
					required prior to commencing cultivation activities and were	
					submitted with the application materials.	
					suomined with the application materials.	
					CFO 1. Prior to any ground disturbance for building	
					GEO-1: Prior to any ground disturbance for building construction, the permittee shall submit erosion control	
					and sediment plans to the Water Resource Department	
					and the Community Development Department for review	
					and approval. Said erosion control and sediment plans	
					shall protect the local watershed from runoff pollution	
					through the implementation of appropriate Best	
					Management Practices (BMPs) in accordance with the	
					Grading Ordinance. Typical BMPs include the placement	
					of straw, mulch, seeding, straw wattles, silt fencing, and the	
					planting of native vegetation on all disturbed areas. No silt,	
					sediment, or other materials exceeding natural background levels shall be allowed to flow from the project	
					area. The natural background level is the level of erosion that currently occurs from the area in a natural,	
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	mat currently occurs from the area in a natural,	

	, ,					24 01 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Source Number**
	1	2	x	4	All determinations need explanation.	Source
					Roads Etc. City Limits Highways Roads County (ASTRD % Slope % Slope % Slope % Slope 10%-20% 20%-30% greater than 30%	
					Figure 7. Percent Slope Across the Project Parcel. Less than significant impact.	
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?		X			The Uniform Building Code is a set of rules that specify standards for structures. No structures are proposed that would require a building permit. Expansive soils possess a "shrink-swell" characteristic. Shrink-	5, 7, 39

	1		1	ı		25 of 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					that occurs in fine-grained clay sediments from the process of wetting and drying. Structural damage may occur over a long period due to expansive soils, usually the result of inadequate soil and foundation engineering or the placement of structures directly on expansive soils.	
					Cultivation activities proposed in the application would occur on one type of soil: of Konocti-Hambright complex, 5 to 15 percent slopes (Map Unit Symbol 152), according to the Soil Survey of Lake County and the USDA Web Soil Survey website.	
					Soil Type 152 is comprised of gravelly loam, very stony sandy clay loam, and very gravelly loam and would have a low shrink-swell potential due to the gravel in the composition.	
					Any new construction requiring a building permit, such as the proposed processing building, would be subject to the Uniform Building Code and California Building Code for foundation design to meet the requirements associated with expansive soils if they are found to exist with a site-specific study.	
					<u>GEO-5</u> : Prior to operation, all buildings, accessible compliant parking areas, routes of travel, building access, and/or bathrooms shall meet all California Building Code Requirements.	
					<u>GEO-6</u> : Prior to operation, all structure(s) used for commercial cultivation shall meet accessibility and CalFire standards. Please contact the Lake County Community Development Department's Building Division for more information.	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures GEO-1 through GEO-6 incorporated.	
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?			X		The proposed project would be served by a portable toilet located at the cultivation sites. If a new ADA restroom is required to be installed in the proposed processing building, this restroom would require a new onsite wastewater treatment septic system.	2, 4, 5, 7, 13, 39
for the disposal of waste water?					State law requires permits for onsite systems to ensure that they are constructed and sited in a manner that protects human health and the environment. Prior to applying for a permit, the Lake County Division of Environmental Health requires a Site Evaluation to determine the suitability of the site for a septic system. A percolation test would be conducted to determine the water absorption rate of the soil, and the septic system would be located, designed, and installed appropriately, following all applicable State and County guidelines and requirements.	
					The proposed system would be located in an area of Type 152 soils. According to the USDA Soil Survey, this soil has a low to high infiltration rate that could support a septic system. In addition, adjacent residential parcels within the same soil type have existing septic systems.	
					Therefore, the proposed project would not have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks for the disposal of wastewater. In addition, the system would be reviewed and approved by the County Division of Environmental Health.	
					Less than significant impact.	

IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**					
f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				X	The project site does not contain any known unique geologic features or paleontological resources. Disturbance of these resources is not anticipated.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15					
reactive.					No impact.						
	VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:										
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			X		The project site is located within the Lake County Air Basin, which is under the jurisdiction of the LCAQMD. The LCAQMD applies air pollution regulations to all major stationary pollution sources and monitors air quality. Climate change is caused by greenhouse gases (GHGs) emitted into the atmosphere around the world from a variety of sources, including the combustion of fuel for energy and transportation, cement manufacturing, and refrigerant emissions. GHGs are those gases that can trap heat in the atmosphere, a process that is analogous to the way a greenhouse traps heat. GHGs may be emitted as a result of human activities, as well as through natural processes. Increasing GHG concentrations in the atmosphere are leading to global climate change. The Lake County Air Basin is in attainment for all air pollutants and has therefore not adopted thresholds of significance for GHG emissions. The primary GHGs that are of concern for development projects include Carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), and nitrous oxide (N2O). CO2, CH4, and N2O occur naturally, and through human activity. Emissions of CO2 are largely byproducts of fossil fuel combustion and CH4 results from offgassing associated with agricultural practices and landfills. CO2 is the most common GHG emitted by human activities. In general, greenhouse gas emissions come from construction activities (vehicles) and post-construction activities (vehicles primarily). Construction activities on this site would be minimal. Burning plant material is prohibited in Lake County and projected trips generated would be between 2 to 12 trips per day during and after construction. The cultivation areas would not	1, 3, 4, 5, 36					
					have specific greenhouse gas-producing elements and the cannabis plants would, to a small degree, help capture CO ₂ .						
					Less than significant impact.						
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				X	Lake County has not adopted any specific GHG reduction strategies or climate action plans. Therefore, this project would not conflict with any adopted plans or policies for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.	1, 3, 4, 5, 36					
	T	X.	НА7	ΔDI	No impact. DS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS						
	1	1	11/AZ	HI	Would the project:						
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?		X			Materials associated with the proposed Cultivation of Commercial Cannabis, such as gasoline, pesticides, fertilizers, alcohol, hydrogen peroxide, and equipment emissions may be considered hazardous if released into the environment. The applicant has stated that all potentially harmful chemicals would be stored and locked in a secured building on site.	1, 3, 5, 13, 21, 24, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34					
					Bulk fertilizers would be incorporated into the soil shortly after delivery and would not typically be stockpiled/stored on site. Should bulk fertilizers need to be stockpiled, they would be covered with a tarp and secured with ropes and weights. Dry						

IMDACT					All determinations need explanation.	2 / 01 40 Source
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Number**
					and liquid fertilizers would be stored in a stormproof shed inside each cultivation compound.	
					Additionally, according to the applicant, pesticides and fertilizers would be stored within one of the stormproof storage sheds or storage containers, in their original containers with labels intact, and according to the product labeling. Agricultural chemicals and petroleum products would be stored in secondary containment, within separate storage structures, with compatible chemicals and to promote chemical compatibility. The pesticide, fertilizer, chemical, and petroleum product storage buildings would have impermeable floors. There are no watercourses on the parcel or within 100-feet of the proposed activities. The project would comply with Section 41.7 of the Lake County Zoning Ordinance that specifies that all uses involving the use or storage of combustible, explosive, caustic, or otherwise hazardous materials shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal safety standards and shall be provided with adequate	
					safety devices against the hazard of fire and explosion, and adequate firefighting and fire suppression equipment. Any petroleum products brought to the site, such as gasoline or	
					diesel to fuel construction equipment, would be stored under cover and in State of California-approved containers. All pesticides, fertilizers, or petroleum products would be stored a minimum of 100 feet from all potential sensitive areas and watercourses.	
					Cannabis waste, as appropriate, would be chipped and spread on-site; burning cannabis waste is prohibited in Lake County.	
					Spill containment and the cleanup kit would be kept on-site in the unlikely event of a spill. All employees would be trained to properly used all cultivation equipment, including pesticides. Proposed site activities would not generate hazardous waste.	
					All equipment shall be maintained and operated in a manner that minimizes any spill or leak of hazardous materials. Hazardous materials and contaminated soil shall be stored, transported, and disposed of consistent with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.	
					HAZ-1: All equipment will be maintained and operated to minimize spillage or leakage of hazardous materials. All equipment will be refueled in locations more than 100 feet from surface water bodies. Servicing of equipment will occur on an impermeable surface. In an event of a spill or leak, the contaminated soil will be stored, transported, and disposed of consistent with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.	
					HAZ-2: The storage of hazardous materials equal to or greater than fifty-five (55) gallons of a liquid, 500 pounds of a solid, or 200 cubic feet of compressed gas, then a Hazardous Materials Inventory Disclosure Statement/Business Plan shall be submitted and maintained in compliance with requirements of Lake County Environmental Health Division. Industrial waste shall not be disposed of on-site without review or permit from Lake County Environmental Health Division or the California Regional Water Quality Control Board. The	

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					permit holder shall comply with petroleum fuel storage tank regulations if fuel is to be stored on site.	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures HAZ-1 and HAZ-2.	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonable foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			X		Refer to Section IX (a). The pesticides and fertilizers proposed would be stored in a secure building. The site preparation would require some construction equipment and would last for about 4 weeks. All equipment staging shall occur on previously disturbed areas on the site. As stated above, a spill kit would be kept on-site in the unlikely event of a spill. All equipment shall be maintained and operated in a manner that minimizes any spill or leak of hazardous materials. Hazardous materials and contaminated soil shall be stored, transported, and disposed of consistent with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations. HAZ-3: Prior to operation, the applicant shall schedule an inspection with the Lake County Code Enforcement Division within the Community Development Department to verify adherence to all requirements of Chapter 13 of the Lake County Code, including but not limited to adherence with the Hazardous Vegetation requirements. HAZ-4: Prior to operation, all employees shall have access to restrooms and hand-wash stations. The restrooms and hand wash stations shall meet all accessibility requirements. HAZ-5: The proper storage of equipment, removal of litter and waste, and cutting of weeds or grass shall not constitute an attractant, breeding place, or harborage for pests. HAZ-6: All food scraps, wrappers, food containers, cans, bottles, and other trash from the project area should be deposited in trash containers with an adequate lid or cover to contain trash. All food waste should be placed in a securely covered bin and removed from the site weekly to avoid attracting animals. HAZ-7: The applicant shall maintain records of all hazardous or toxic materials used, including a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for all volatile organic compounds utilized, including cleaning materials. Said information shall be made available upon request and/or the ability to provide the Lake County Air Quality Management District such information to complete an updated Air Toxic Emission Inventory. Less than si	1, 3, 5, 13, 21, 24, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances,				X	The proposed project is not located within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school.	1, 2, 5
or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?					No impost	
SCHOOL!					No impact.	

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Source Number**
CATEGORIES						
d) Be located on a site that is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				X	correspondence. The California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) has the responsibility for compiling information about sites that may contain hazardous materials, such as hazardous waste facilities, solid waste facilities where hazardous materials have been reported, leaking underground storage tanks, and other sites where hazardous materials have been detected. Hazardous materials include all flammable, reactive, corrosive, or toxic substances that pose potential harm to the public or environment. The following databases compiled pursuant to Government Code §65962.5 were checked for known hazardous materials contamination within ¼-mile of the project site: State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) GeoTracker database Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor database SWRCB list of solid waste disposal sites with waste constituents above hazardous waste levels outside the waste management unit. The project site is not listed in any of these databases as a site	2, 40
					containing hazardous materials as described above. No impact.	
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in				X	The project is not located within two (2) miles of an airport and/or within an Airport Land Use Plan.	1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 22
the project area?					No impact.	
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				X	The project would not impair or interfere with adopted emergency response or evacuation plan. No impact.	1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 22, 35, 37
g) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?			X		The site is mapped as being a high fire risk, however, the project would not further heighten fire risks on the site. The project is located on a ridge and has reduced grass and brush during EA 20-23, thus reducing the fuel load. The area the cultivation activity would occur has a low fuel load based on the lack of shrubs and trees. Additionally, the project proposes a 5,000-gallon water tank. The applicant would adhere to all Federal, State, and local fire requirements/regulations for setbacks and defensible space required for any new buildings that require a building permit. All proposed construction is required to be built consistent with current county and State of California Building Code construction standards. To construct the proposed processing building, the applicant would be required to obtain a building permit with Lake County to demonstrate conformance with local and state building codes and fire safety requirements.	1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 35, 37
					Refer to Section XX, Wildfire, for additional details.	

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IMPACT CATECODIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation.	Source Number**
CATEGORIES*	•	4	3	•	Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	MINDEL
					COLLES POLICIEC.	
					Road Eastmant	
					Show Parcel Numbers Parcel Numbers	
					Roads Etc.	
					Cty Lima Hybrays	
					Lake County FFD Reads	
					COLUMN CO	
					FHSZ Fire Protection Districts	
					□ Fire Hazard Servinity Zones □ Very High	
					High Moderate Mo	
					Utban Urconed	
					Figure 8. Fire Risk Map	
ı					Less than significant impact.	
		X.	H	YDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	
					Would the project:	
a) Violate any water quality	T	X			The proposed project is located in the Lower Lake Planning	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
standards or waste discharge					Area. The proposed project area is within the Asbill Creek	13, 21, 23,
requirements or otherwise					watershed. No watercourses were identified on the project parcel	24, 33, 34,
substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?					or within 150-feet of the proposed project area.	41, 42
groundwater quanty.					The Property Management Plan submitted with the application	
					materials address runoff, and certain BMPs during and after	
					construction to reduce impacts associated with water quality.	
					All equipment shall be maintained and operated in a manner that	
					minimizes any spill or leak of pollutants.	
					In addition, the project is enrolled with the State Water	
					Resources Control Board (SWRCB) for Tier 2, Low-Risk	
					coverage under Order No. WQ 2019-001-DWQ (General Order). Tier 2 dischargers reflect cultivation sites that disturb	
					over one acre and are located on flat slopes outside of riparian	
					setbacks. The General Order requires the preparation of a Site	
					Management Plan (SMP) and a Nitrogen Management Plan	
					(NMP). The purpose of the SMP is to identify the Best Practicable Treatment or Control (BPTC) measures that the	
					site intends to follow for erosion control purposes and to	
					prevent stormwater pollution. The purpose of the NMP is to	
					identify how nitrogen is stored, used, and applied to crops in a	
					way that is protective of water quality. The SMP and NMP are required prior to commencing cultivation activities and were	
					submitted with the application materials.	
					The proposed project would be served by a portable toilet	
					located adjacent to the cultivation site. If a new ADA restroom	
					is required to be installed in the proposed processing building, this restroom would require a new onsite wastewater treatment	
					septic system. If a new septic system is proposed it must adhere	
					to all federal, state, and local regulations regarding wastewater	
					treatment and water usage requirements.	
					State law requires permits for onsite systems to ensure that they	
					are constructed and sited in a manner that protects human health	
					and the environment. A permit from Lake County is required to install a new septic system. Prior to applying for a permit, the	
					Lake County Division of Environmental Health requires a Site	
					Evaluation to determine the suitability of the site for a septic	
					system. A percolation test would be conducted to determine the	

	I	1	T			01 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
					water absorption rate of the soil, and the septic system would be located, designed, and installed appropriately, following all applicable State and County guidelines and requirements.	
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?			X		The project site does not have a municipal water supply service and relies on well water. The proposed project would use water from an existing, onsite, permitted well. Water would be pumped from the well to 5,000-gallon water tanks and then delivered to the plants utilizing drip irrigation techniques. According to the Water Use / Water Availability Study prepared for the project by Hurvitz Environmental Services Inc. (HES) in January 2020, The estimated demand for the entire site including the proposed project, residential use, and employee use, is approximately 365,375 gallons/year (1.1 acre-feet/year). The water usage for the proposed cultivation would be approximately 338,000 gallons/year (1.0 acre-feet/year). The peak daily demand would be approximately 2,100 gallons. The project is not located in a Lake County Groundwater Management Plan (GMP) groundwater basin. The well to be used for cultivation activities is approximately 158 feet deep and was drilled in 2016. A Water Use / Water Availability Study was prepared for the project by Hurvitz Environmental Services Inc. (HES) in January 2020. As part of the study, HES conducted a 4.5-hour, HES also collected well recovery data following completion of the 4.5-hour pump test. On January 23, 2020, at 3:10 pm, the static water level had recovered to a depth of 93.04 feet indicating a 49% recovery in 1-hour. According to HES, the well yield test and recovery observations demonstrate that the well can produce the water necessary for the proposed project without causing overdraft conditions.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 21, 23, 24, 33, 34, 41, 42
					Based on the results of the pump test HES estimated that it will take approximately 1 hour and 45 minutes of pumping from the project well to meet the site's peak daily water demand and only 1 hour and 35 minutes to meet the average groundwater demand during the growing season. Based on the results of the well yield test HES estimated that these water usage rates would only cause about 1-foot of drawdown in the well and concluded that the well could sustainably produce the water required to meet the proposed project's water demand. Based on well yield test data collected at the site, it appears that the aquifer storage and recharge area are sufficient to provide for sustainable annual water use at the site and within the area. Therefore, the proposed cannabis development is consistent with local plans and would likely not impede sustainable management of the local groundwater basin.	
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:			X		Less than significant impact. No drainages exist on the project parcel or within 150-feet of the proposed project. The proposed cultivation would be located on a ridge in flat areas outside of drainage setbacks. The cultivation would require no grading and only tilling and preparation for planting in the ground. Construction of the proposed processing building would require grading. (i) As discussed in Section (a) above, construction activities and operation of the proposed project would not result in substantial	1, 3, 4, 5, 13, 21, 23, 24, 25, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34

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IMPACT					All determinations need explanation.	Source
CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Number**
					correspondence.	
i) Result in substantial					erosion or siltation, with compliance with the erosion control	
erosion or siltation on- or					plan and SWRCB Cannabis General Order.	
off-site;					1	
ii) Substantially increase the					(ii)&(iii) The proposed project is outdoor cultivation with a	
rate or amount of surface					minor increase in impervious surfaces associated with a 10'x20'	
runoff in a manner that					storage container, 5,000-gallon water tank, and 1,500 sq. ft.	
would result in flooding					3,000 sq. ft processing building, totaling approximately 1,800	
on- or off-site:					sq. ft. The new impervious surface represents less than 0.18% of	
iii) Create or contribute to					the parcel area. Thus, the project would not increase the rate or	
runoff water which would					amount of surface runoff or create or contribute to runoff water	
exceed the capacity of					which would exceed the capacity of an existing drainage system.	
existing or planned						
stormwater drainage					(iv) The proposed cultivation area is within a FEMA Zone D,	
systems or provide					areas of possible but undetermined flood hazards. The project is	
substantial additional					located on a flat ridge that would not impede or redirect flood	
sources of polluted					flows.	
runoff;					 ··	
iv) Impede or redirect flood						
flows?					Less than significant impact.	
d) In flood hazard, tsunami, or			X		The proposed cultivation areas are not located in a floodplain,	1
seiche zones, risk release of			21		tsunami, or seiche zone.	1
pollutants due to project					touriann, or serene zone.	
inundation?					Less than significant impact.	
e) Conflict with or obstruct			X		Refer to Sections X(a) and X(b).	1, 3, 4, 5, 10,
implementation of a water quality			71		receive Sections $X(a)$ and $X(b)$.	13, 21, 23,
control plan or sustainable					The proposed use would not conflict with or obstruct the	24, 25, 29,
groundwater management plan?					implementation of water quality control plan or groundwater	31, 32, 33,
groundwater management plan.					management plan as all hazardous materials including	34, 32, 33,
					pesticides and fertilizers would be stored in a locked/secured	-
1					shed, and would meet all Federal, State, and Local agency	
1					requirements for hazardous material storage and handling.	
					Less than significant impact.	
			X	[.]	LAND USE AND PLANNING	
					Would the project:	
a) Physically divide an				X	The proposed project site would not physically divide an	1, 3, 4, 5, 6
established community?					established community.	
					No impact.	
b) Cause a significant			X		This project is consistent with the Lake County General Plan,	1, 3, 4, 5, 20,
environmental impact due to a					the Lower Lake Area Plan, and the Lake County Zoning	21, 22, 27
conflict with any land use plan,					Ordinance.	
policy, or regulation adopted to						
avoid or mitigate an						
environmental effect?			<u></u>		Less than significant impact.	
			2	XII.	MINERAL RESOURCES	
					Would the project:	
) D. L. d. L. C.			1	1 37	m A A D M AND T	1 2 4 5 25
a) Result in the loss of				X	The Aggregate Resource Management Plan (ARMP) does not	1, 3, 4, 5, 26
availability of a known mineral					identify this project as having an important source of	
resource that would be of value to					aggregate. Additionally, according to the California	
the region and the residents of the					Department of Conservation, Mineral Land Classification,	
state?					there are no known mineral resources on the project site.	
					NT •	
					No impact.	
b) Result in the loss of				X	The County of Lake's General Plan, the Lower Lake Area Plan	1, 3, 4, 5, 26
availability of a locally important					nor the Lake County Aggregate Resource Management Plan	
mineral resource recovery site					designates the project site as being a locally important mineral	
delineated on a local general plan,					resource recovery site.	
specific plan, or other land-use						
plans?					No impact.	

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
			<u> </u>		XIII. NOISE	
				И	ould the project result in:	
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?		X			Noise related to outdoor cannabis cultivation typically occurs either during construction or as the result of machinery related to post-construction equipment such as well pumps or emergency backup generators during power outages. Emergency generators are not proposed as part of this project. Power would be supplied by PG&E. This project would have some noise-related to site preparation (hours of construction are limited through standard conditions of approval). Although the property size would help to muffle noises heard by neighboring properties, mitigation measures are needed to further limit the potential sources of noise. NOI-1: All construction activities including engine warm-up shall be limited Monday Through Friday, between the hours of 7:00 am and 7:00 pm, and Saturdays from 12:00 noon to 5:00 pm to minimize noise impacts on nearby residents. Back-up beepers shall be adjusted to the lowest allowable levels. This mitigation does not apply to night work.	1, 3, 4, 5, 13
					NOI-2: Maximum non-construction related sounds levels shall not exceed levels of 55 dBA between the hours of 7:00 AM to 10:00 PM and 45 dBA between the hours of 10:00 PM to 7:00 AM within residential areas as specified within Zoning Ordinance Section 21-41.11 (Table 11.1) at the property lines.	
					Impacts would be less than significant with mitigation measures NOI-1 and NOI-2 incorporated.	
b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?			X		The project is not expected to create significant ground-borne vibration due to construction or post-construction facility operation. There would be some grading required for the container pads and greenhouses, however earth movement is not expected to generate ground-borne vibration or noise levels. The low-level truck traffic during construction and for deliveries would create a minimal amount of ground-borne vibration.	1, 3, 4, 5, 13
					Less than significant impact.	
			XIV	. Р	OPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:	
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through the extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				X	The project is anticipated to induce population growth to the area through employment, however, it is not expected to be substantial the increased employment will be approximately eight (5) employees hired locally. No impact.	1, 3, 4, 5
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of				X	No housing would be displaced as a result of the project.	1, 3, 4, 5
replacement housing elsewhere?					No impact.	
				XV	V. PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project:	
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the			X		The project does not propose housing or other uses that would necessitate the need for new or altered government facilities. No new roads are proposed.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 20, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28,

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**		
provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the					The project would be required to comply with all applicable local and state fire code requirements related to design and emergency access.	29, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37		
construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: - Fire Protection? - Police Protection? - Schools?					Construction and operation of the proposed project may result in accidents or crime emergency incidents that would require police services. Construction activities would be temporary and limited in scope. Accidents or crime emergency incidents during operation are expected to be infrequent and minor. The Lake County Sheriff's Department, Lakeport Police Department, and other law enforcement agencies were notified of the proposed project.			
- Parks? - Other Public Facilities?					There would not be a need to increase fire or police protection, schools, parks, or other public facilities as a result of the project's implementation.			
					Less than significant impact.			
	XVI. RECREATION Would the project:							
a) Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				X	The project would generate business income, an increase in local employment opportunities, and increase public fee and tax revenue which may result in slight increases in population growth, which could lead to increased use of park and recreation facilities. However, the increased use of parks and recreation, would occur over a large area and in multiple sites and therefore be diminished and would not substantially deteriorate existing parks or other recreational facilities. The project would not have any impact on existing parks or other recreational facilities.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
					No impact.			
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical				X	This project would not necessitate the construction or expansion of any recreational facilities.	1, 3, 4, 5		
effect on the environment?					No impact.			
	XVII. TRANSPORTATION Would the project:							
a) Conflict with a plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle lanes, and pedestrian paths?			X		According to the application submitted, the project site is accessed by one (1) private driveway directly off East Road which is accessed off of the county-maintained Spruce Grove Road, a paved public road with at least 10 ft wide travel lanes and 2 ft wide shoulders. The access driveway to the site is 100-feet long and has an average width of 25-feet wide. There are no bicycle or pedestrian facilities on Spruce Grove.	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35		
					Less than significant impact.			

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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
b) For a land-use project, would the project conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA guidelines section 15064.3,			X		State CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, Subdivision (b) states that for land-use projects, transportation impacts are to be measured by evaluating the proposed project's vehicle miles traveled (VMT), as follows:	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
subdivision (b)(1)?					"Vehicle miles traveled exceeding an applicable threshold of significance may indicate a significant impact. Generally, projects within one-half mile of either an existing major transit stop or a stop along an existing high-quality transit corridor should be presumed to cause a less than significant transportation impact. Projects that decrease vehicle miles traveled in the project area compared to existing conditions should be presumed to have a less than significant transportation impact."	
					The estimated trips per day are 2 to 12 during construction and operation.	
					To date, the County has not yet formally adopted its transportation significance thresholds or its transportation impact analysis procedures. The proposed project would not generate or attract more than 100 trips per day; therefore, it is not expected for the project to have a potentially significant level of VMT, therefore, impacts related to CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3. subdivision (b) would be less than significant.	
					Less than significant impact.	
c) For a transportation project, would the project conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(2)?				X	The project is not a transportation project. The proposed use would not conflict with and/or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(2).	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
					No impact.	
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			X		The proposed project does not propose any changes to road alignment or other features, does not result in the introduction of any obstacles, nor does it involve incompatible uses that could increase traffic hazards.	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
uses (e.g., farm equipment):					Less than significant impact.	
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?			X		The proposed project would not alter the physical configuration of the existing roadway network serving the area and would not affect access to local streets or adjacent uses (including access for emergency vehicles). Internal roadways would meet CalFire requirements for vehicle access. Furthermore, as noted above under impact discussion (a), increased project-related operational traffic would be minimal. The proposed project would not inhibit the ability of local roadways to continue to accommodate emergency response and evacuation activities. The proposed project would not interfere with the City's adopted emergency response plan.	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
					Less than significant impact.	
			XVII	Ι. ΄	TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES	1
Code section 21074 as either a sit	e, fea	ture,	place	hang e, cul	e in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Publ tural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the siz h cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that i	e and scope of
a) Listed or eligible for listing in	, , , , ,	,	X		Please see the response to Section V(a) (Cultural Resources).	1, 3, 4, 5,
the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as						11, 14, 15
defined in Public Resources Code						
section 5020.1(k), or					Less than significant impact.	

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IMPACT					All determinations need explanation.	Source
CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Number**
					correspondence.	
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and		X			Please see the response to Section V(a) (Cultural Resources).	1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15
supported by substantial					Notification of the project was sent to local tribes on February 21,	
evidence, to be significant					2020. The Middletown Rancheria Tribal Historic Preservation	
pursuant to criteria outlined in					Office responded with an email dated March 24, 2020, and	
subdivision (c) of Public					concluded that "although [the project] is within the aboriginal	
Resources Code section 5024.1.					territories of the Middletown Rancheria, our Department has	
In applying the criteria outlined in subdivision (c) of Public					cleared the project and is comfortable with the project moving	
Resources Code 5024.1, the lead					forward, under the mutual understanding that the Tribe is contacted should there be any significant inadvertent discoveries.	
agency shall consider the					Should any new information or evidence of human habitation be	
significance of the resource to a					found as this project progresses, or an expansion of ground-	
California Native American tribe.					disturbing activities, we respectfully ask that all work cease and	
					that you contact the Tribe immediately. We do have a process to	
					protect such important and sacred resources."	
					Less than significant impact with mitigation measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.	
		X	XIX.	Į	JTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	
					Would the project:	
a) Require or result in the			X		The proposed project would be served by the existing onsite	1, 3, 4, 5, 29,
relocation or construction of new					irrigation well. No new wastewater treatment facilities are	32, 33, 34,
or expanded water, wastewater					proposed. The applicant shall adhere to all Federal, State, and	37
treatment or stormwater drainage,					Local regulations regarding wastewater treatment and water	
electric power, natural gas, or					usage requirements.	
telecommunications facilities, the						
construction or relocation of						
which could cause significant environmental effects?					Less than significant impact.	
b) Have sufficient water supplies			X		Refer to section X (b). According to the Water Use / Water	1, 3, 4, 5, 29,
available to serve the project and			11		Availability Study, the existing well can sustainably produce the	32, 33, 34,
reasonably foreseeable future					water required to meet the proposed project's water demand. The	36, 37
development during normal, dry,					applicant is prohibited from trucking in water other than a one-	,
and multiple dry years?					time emergency delivery and only with written permission from	
					the Community Development Department Director or designee.	
					Less than significant impact.	
c) Result in a determination by			X		Staff would use portable toilets. These would be serviced	2, 5
the wastewater treatment					regularly by a local, licensed service provider.	
provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has						
adequate capacity to serve the						
project's projected demand in						
addition to the provider's existing						
commitments?					Less than significant impact.	
d) Generate solid waste in excess			X		According to the Property Management Plan, the site would	1, 2, 3, 34, 36
of State or local standards or					generate approximately 150 lbs. of solid waste and 1000 lbs.	
excess of the capacity of local					of organic waste, or a total of about 4.8 cubic yards annually.	
infrastructure?					All recyclable waste would be collected separately from non-	
					recyclable waste. All waste and recycling would be hauled to	
					the Lake County Transfer and Recycling Facility where it would be sorted and deposited at the Eastlake Sanitary Landfill	
					(Landfill). The Landfill is well below its current capacity of	
					6,050,000 cubic yards, with 2,859,962 cubic yards (47%)	
					remaining capacity. In addition, the Lake County Public	
					Services Department is proposing an expansion of the Landfill	
					to extend the landfill's life to about the year 2046; increasing	
					the landfill footprint from 35 acres to 56.6 acres. Therefore,	
					the Landfill would have sufficient capacity to accommodate	
					the solid waste generated by the project.	
					Less than significant impact.	
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IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and correspondence.	Source Number**
e) Negatively impact the provision of solid waste services or impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?			X		The applicant would chip and spread the cannabis waste on- site, and the estimated total amount of solid waste from this project would be approximately 1,150 pounds annually.	1, 3, 4, 5, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36
f) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			X		Less than significant impact. The County uses a standard condition of approval regarding compliance with all Federal, State, and Local management for solid waste. The cultivator would be required to chip and spread any vegetative waste on-site, and the estimated total amount of solid waste from this project is 150 pounds annually.	1, 3, 4, 5, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36
					Less than significant impact.	
701					XX. WILDFIRE	* * . *
If located in or nea project:	ır stai	te res	ponsi	bility	v areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones	s, would the
a) Impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?		X			The mapped fire risk on the site is high. The project site is located in the CalFire State Responsibility Area (SRA) and is subject to all state fire-safe-related codes.	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 20, 23, 31, 35, 37, 38
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?			X		Access to the sites is taken from on-site driveways accessed from East Road which is accessed from Spruce Grove Road. On-site driveways must meet PRC 4290 and 4291 CalFire Standards. The project proposes a one, 5,000-gallon water storage tank. Should this site need to evacuate, Spruce Grove Road located near the subject site would be the evacuation route. Like much of Lake County, this area is prone to wildfire. This site is no more prone to excessive fire risk than other sites in Lake County. The applicant will adhere to all regulations of California Code Regulations Title 14, Division 1.5, Chapter 7, Subchapter 2, and Article 1 through 5 shall apply to this project; and all regulations of California Building Code, Chapter 7A, Section 701A, 701A.3.2.A Approval of this permit would not further exacerbate the risk of wildfire, nor would it interfere with emergency evacuation should this be necessary. Less than significant impact with GEO-5 and GEO-6 incorporated. Refer to Section XX (a). Additionally, the cultivation area is on a ridge with a general flat slope. The project proposes to clear some vegetation to construct the proposed processing building, which would reduce fuel for a fire. The site driveway allows for fire access. Approval of this project would not increase the fire risk in this area. This particular area has a high fire risk; however, the cultivation site would help to act as a fire break should one be needed.	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 20, 23, 31, 35, 37, 38
c) Require the installation or			X		Less than significant impact. The site is served by Spruce Grove Road, a paved county-	1, 2, 4, 5, 6,
maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines, or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the					maintained road. Access is from Spruce Grove Road to the site is via a 20-foot East Road and 25-foot average gravel material driveway, 100-feet in length. No other infrastructural improvements appear to be necessary for this project.	20, 23, 31, 35, 37, 38
environment?					Less than significant impact.	
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream			X		The site is generally flat near the cultivation areas; there is little chance of risks associated with post-fire slope runoff, instability,	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 20, 23, 31, 35, 37, 38

					<u> </u>	8 of 40
IMPACT CATEGORIES*	1	2	3	4	All determinations need explanation. Reference to documentation, sources, notes, and	Source Number**
flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?					or drainage changes based on the lack of site changes that would occur by this project. Less than significant impact.	
	X	XI.	N	IAN	DATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		X			Per the impact discussions above, the potential of the proposed project to substantially degrade the environment is less than significant with incorporated mitigation measures. As described in this Initial Study, the proposed project has the potential for impacts related to Aesthetics, Air Quality, Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Hazards & Hazardous Materials, Noise, Tribal Cultural Resources, and Wildfire. However, these impacts would be avoided or reduced to a less-than-significant level with the incorporation of avoidance and mitigation measures discussed in each impact section. Less than significant impact with mitigation measure AES-1; AQ-1 through AQ-7; BIO-1 through BIO-5; CUL-1 through CUL-2; GEO-1 through GEO-6; HAZ-1 through HAZ-7; NOI-1 through NOI-2 incorporated.	All
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		X			Potentially significant impacts have been identified related to Aesthetics, Air Quality, Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Hazards & Hazardous Materials, Noise, Tribal Cultural Resources, and Wildfire. These impacts in combination with the impacts of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects could cumulatively contribute to significant effects on the environment. However, implementation of and compliance with mitigation measures identified in each section as project conditions of approval would avoid or reduce potential impacts to less than significant levels and would not result in cumulatively considerable environmental impacts. Less than significant impact with mitigation measure AES-1; AQ-1 through AQ-7; BIO-1 through BIO-5; CUL-1 through CUL-2; GEO-1 through GEO-6; HAZ-1 through HAZ-7; NOI-1 through NOI-2 incorporated.	All
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		X			The proposed project has the potential to result in adverse indirect or direct effects on human beings in the areas of Aesthetics, Air Quality, Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Hazards & Hazardous Materials, Noise, Tribal Cultural Resources, and Wildfire. Implementation of and compliance with mitigation measures identified in each section as conditions of approval would not result in substantial adverse indirect or direct effects on human beings and impacts would be considered less than significant. Less than significant impact with mitigation measure AES-1; AQ-1 through AQ-7; BIO-1 through BIO-5; CUL-1 through CUL-2; GEO-1 through GEO-6; HAZ-1 through HAZ-7; NOI-1 through NOI-2 incorporated.	All

^{*} Impact Categories defined by CEQA

**Source List

- 1. Lake County General Plan
- 2. Lake County GIS Database
- 3. Lake County Zoning Ordinance
- 4. Lower Lake Area Plan
- 5. Green Lake Exotics Cannabis Cultivation Application Major Use Permit.
- 6. U.S.G.S. Topographic Maps
- 7. U.S.D.A. Lake County Soil Survey
- 8. Lake County Important Farmland Map, California Department of Conservation Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
- 9. Department of Transportation's Scenic Highway Mapping Program, (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/16_livability/scenic_highways/index.htm)
- 10. Lake County Serpentine Soil Mapping
- 11. California Natural Diversity Database (https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Data/CNDDB)
- 12. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory
- 13. Biological Assessment 19658 East Road (APN 012-049-19), Lake County, CA, prepared by Pinecrest Environmental Consulting, January 27, 2020.
- 14. Cultural Resources Assessment, prepared by Natural Investigations Company, March 2020.
- 15. California Historical Resource Information Systems (CHRIS); Northwest Information Center, Sonoma State University; Rohnert Park, CA.
- 16. Water Resources Division, Lake County Department of Public Works Wetlands Mapping.
- 17. U.S.G.S. Geologic Map and Structure Sections of the Clear Lake Volcanic, Northern California, Miscellaneous Investigation Series, 1995
- 18. Official Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone maps for Lake County
- 19. Landslide Hazards in the Eastern Clear Lake Area, Lake County, California, Landslide Hazard Identification Map No. 16, California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, DMG Open-File Report 89-27, 1990
- 20. Lake County Emergency Management Plan
- 21. Lake County Hazardous Waste Management Plan adopted 1989
- 22. Lake County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan adopted 1992
- 23. California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Fire Hazard Mapping
- 24. National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- 25. FEMA Flood Hazard Maps
- 26. Lake County Aggregate Resource Management Plan
- 27. Lake County Bicycle Plan
- 28. Lake County Transit for Bus Routes
- 29. Lake County Environmental Health Division
- 30. Lake County Grading Ordinance
- 31. Lake County Natural Hazard database
- 32. Lake County Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan and Siting Element, 1996
- 33. Lake County Water Resources
- 34. Lake County Waste Management Department
- 35. California Department of Transportation (CALTRANS)
- 36. Lake County Air Quality Management District website
- 37. South Lake County Fire Protection District
- 38. Site Visit May 18, 2020
- 39. United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey
- 40. Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List, <u>www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov/public</u>

- 41. State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Cannabis Policy and General Order (https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/board_decisions/adopted_orders/water_quality/2019/wqo20 19 0001 dwq.pdf)
- 42. Lake County Groundwater Management Plan, March 31st, 2006. http://www.lakecountyca.gov/Assets/Departments/WaterResources/IRWMP/Lake+County+Groundwater+Management+Plan.pdf
- 43. Lake County Rules and Regulations (LCF) for On-Site Sewage Disposal
- 44. Lake County Municipal Code: Sanitary Disposal of Sewage (Chapter 9: Health and Sanitation, Article III)