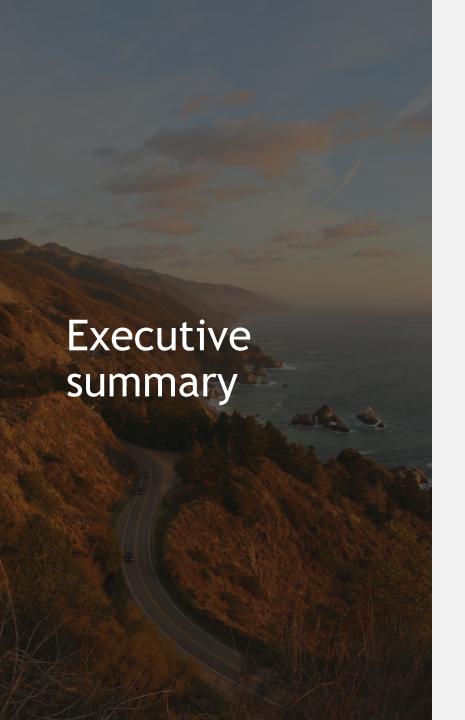


LCBHS Fiscal Analysis and Stability Plan

September 16, 2025







- LCBHS has faced two significant changes in quick order, resulting in a liquidity constraint: 1) EHR system transition and 2) CalAIM payment reform
- Recognizing the need for significant change, LCBHS has taken a critical look at all aspects of its financial picture
- The financial analysis revealed a set of opportunities to increase revenue and contain cost, but path forward requires thoughtful discussion to balance community need with financial implications
- LCBHS has begun to take significant steps to improve near- and long-term financial performance including provider contract negotiation, continued prioritization of timely claim submission, strategic prioritization and delay of payment schedules, and implementation of a cash flow model
- However, LCBHS requires more time to refine its financial strategy and observe the impact of the changes being pursued, while in close collaboration with the Board, providers, clients, and other stakeholders
- If the extension is not approved, LCBHS will face extreme challenges in providing services and operating as a department



Request for the Board of Supervisors:

- Grant a 9-month extension on the previous extension of the existing loan from the county General Fund
- Allow LCBHS to return in 10 weeks to Board of Supervisors to present a comprehensive strategic plan

Recall: LCBHS has faced two significant changes resulting in liquidity constraint and the request for a short-term loan







03/2023 EHR transition

Required new claim formats, retraining of staff, and adjustment of workflows before Medi-Cal billing

Resulted in an 8-month delay in reimbursements from DHCS causing significant strain on cash flow and use of reserves

07/2023 CalAIM payment reform

Changed how claims are submitted, how payments are calculated, and when funds are received

Requires new IGT mechanism where counties must contribute county-match before receiving federal reimbursement via DHCS

03/2024 \$4M total loan

\$3M Tech Reserve loan (Fund 154)

+\$1M DSS reserve loan



3/2025

 \$1M DSS & \$1M General Fund loans fully repaid

7/2025

90-day extension on \$2M
 General Fund loan

Topic of discussion

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LCBHS recognized the need to make substantial changes and has launched a detailed financial performance analysis

Overall financial performance

Purpose:

To closely examine all drivers of revenue, cost, and cash flow in light of the widespread impact of payment reform

Challenges:

 Accounting complications and volatility in expected revenue & expenditures make it challenging to reveal direct drivers

Revenue

Potential opportunities:

- Efforts to maximize FFP draw down with particular focus on new opportunities with high FFP match
- Enrollment in BH-Connect

Non-exhaustive

Challenges:

 Significant portion of revenue comes from federal match dollars which necessitates a large sum of county available cash reserves to draw down

Cost

Potential opportunities:

- Narrow scope of services provided
- Downsize county-employed and contracted provider workforce
- Reduce rates for contracted providers

Non-exhaustive

Challenges:

- Containment efforts have high potential for service disruption and will have to be addressed carefully
- Renegotiation of provider contracts is often complex and time-consuming

Given the impact on liquidity and billing, **both revenue and cost will need to be addressed** to reach financial stability

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Key changes have begun to be put in motion and are expected to have meaningful near- and long-term financial impacts

Changes	Status	Description	Lever	Impact
Renegotiation of provider contracts (timing)		LCBHS will no longer pay providers prior to receiving federal reimbursement → cash flow strain reduced, frees up cash for IGT	Cash-flow	
Renegotiation of provider contracts (rates and IGT support)		LCBHS is revisiting contracts to ensure financial viability related to rates and populations served. LCBHS is also seeking support for IGT match \rightarrow long-term stability and cash strain reduction	Cost; cash- flow	
Continued prioritization of accurate, timely claim submission		Requires internal and external discipline to ensure claims submitted as soon as possible → quicker revenue availability (contingent on IGT match)	Overall performance	
Strategic prioritization and delay of payment schedules	Short- term	LCBHS is strategically timing payment where flexibility exists to ensure cash on hand to ensure revenue → short-term cash flow strain reduction	Cash-flow	
Implementation of a monthly cash flow forecast and reporting		Improved forecasting, monitoring, tracking → LCBHS ability to make quick, agile changes	Overall performance	

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Request a two-fold approach to give LCBHS time to develop a robust plan while supporting long-term financial stability and critical service maintenance

Request 1: 9-month grant extension
9-month extension of the existing \$2M General
Fund loan; requires quarterly board updates

Further extension on the loan originally received in March 2023 and further extended in July 2025 to:

- Provide time for LCBHS to develop a business and financial strategy while supporting near-term financial stability
- Allow LCBHS to meet critical payment demands in the near-term



Provides time to **rebuild finances** and **realize the impact** of ongoing, near-, and long-term changes

Request 2: 10-week fiscal deep dive
To return to the Board in 10 weeks with a
comprehensive strategic plan

Comprehensive plan to include:

- Update on efforts taken and the impact seen
- Critical, near-term changes to address cost & revenue drivers
- Long-term changes to support stability and sustainability



Allows **for collaboration and visibility** on department efforts

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A loan extension is pivotal for LCBHS to meet critical payment demands and maintain service, while current business model is refined

With loan repayment, LCBHS will be unable to...

...which will create long-term challenges

- Fund outstanding invoices for FY 24/25
- Cover client monthly rents & utilities
- Complete payroll on Oct 1st
- Provide county-match for claimable services and draw down revenue
- Pay contracted providers for services



Erode provider network and greatly inhibit adequacy of the provider network



Close doors on services and reduce ability to meet community needs



Accrue debt and continue cycle of reliance on cash injections to draw down 'stuck' claims

Appendix

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Backup | The EHR system transition and subsequent 9-month delay in billing required LCBHS to utilize previously stable cash reserves to uphold services

Cash reserves at end of year from FY19.20 - FY24.25



Key takeaways

- Historically, LCBHS had consistent available cash reserves
- EHR system transition and 8months of delayed billing and reimbursements forced LCBHS to use a significant portion of cash reserves to maintain services

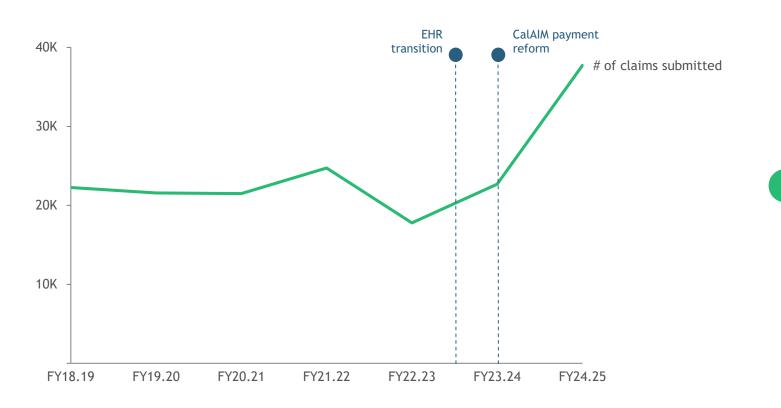
Note: Based on data available as of Sept 9, 2025; Cash reserves include cash, cash interest, current assets; Assumes available cash reserves at end of Dec 2022 is the same as beginning of March 2023 (three months later)

Source: Lake County annual balance sheets as of December

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Backup | LCBHS has significantly grown services to meet the needs of the community

Total number of claims submitted FY18.19 - FY24.25



Key takeaways

- Despite external changes, LCBHS
 has greatly expanded services to
 meet the needs of the community
- In the past fiscal year, number of claims submitted from services provided have increased 66%

Note: Based on data available as of Sept 9, 2025

Source: LCBHS internal data; shows services claimed by fiscal year

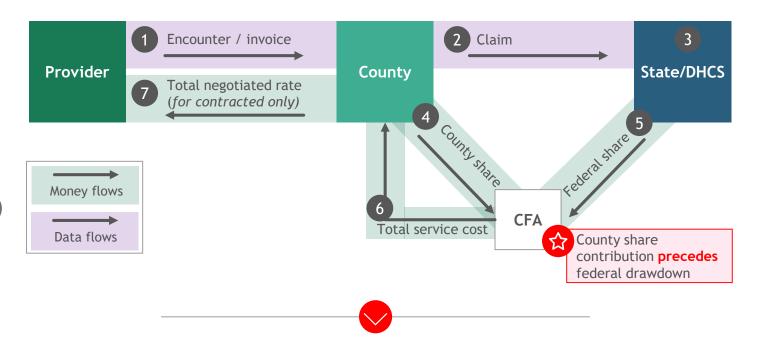
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Backup | IGT mechanism sets a 'ceiling' on number of services able to be provided based on a county's available reserves to provide the county-share

After provider delivers service...

- Provider submits encounter data / invoice to county
- County submits claims to DHCS
- 3 DHCS adjudicates claim, notifies county of total approved claims
- 4 County adds county share of provider payment to CFA
- 5 DHCS adds federal share to CFA
- 6 County draws down combined county share + federal match from CFA
- 7 County reviews provider service & pays provider negotiated rate

Illustrative IGT mechanism:



If the county is unable to contribute its share to the CFA due to limited cash reserves, it cannot draw down the federal match resulting in **stuck revenue** that **worsens cash** flow and further depletes available reserves in a compounding cycle

Assumes service is claimable and delivered and documented appropriately

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